

# Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol 2, No. 23.

QU'APPELLE, ASSIN., APRIL 23, 1887.—SIX PAGES.

Price Five Cents

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**SURGEON DENTIST,**  
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Will visit, professionally, Qu'Appelle, on  
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All work guaranteed satisfactory. Charges  
moderate.

**QU'APPELLE**  
**Stove & Tin Depot.**

**E. WISMER.**  
While returning thanks for past pat-  
ronage, would direct attention to a  
large stock of  
**STOVES AND TINWARE.**

My Stoves are from the best manufac-  
turers, and were selected to meet the re-  
quirements of the Northwest trade.  
QU'APPELLE STATION.

**STEMSHORN & Co.,**  
WATCHMAKERS  
AND JEWELLERS,  
REGINA, N.W.T.

A Splendid assortment of  
Watches, Clocks and Jewellery  
always on hand.  
Repairs sent from the country will find  
our prompt attention.

IMPORTERS OF GERMAN  
(HARTZ MOUNTAIN) CANARIES.  
Regina, April 14, 1887.



## Public Notice,

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
that the Honour the Lieutenant-Governor  
has this day been pleased to order that  
the following day, namely:

**SUPREME COURT**  
of the North West Territories for the Judi-  
cial District of Western Assiniboia shall be  
held at the Town of Regina, in the said Dis-  
trict, at Ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the  
following days, namely:

**Monday, 25th March, A.D., 1887.**  
**Monday, 27th June, A.D., 1887.**

By Command,  
**A. E. FORGET,**  
Secretary.

Escheator General's Office,  
Regina, 9th March, 1887.

## New Millinery and Fancy Store.

**MISS A. MCRAE**

has opened out a well assorted stock of  
first-class

**MILLINERY.**  
FANCY GOODS, Etc.,  
in the premises lately occupied by Dr.  
Carthage.  
QU'APPELLE ST., QU'APPELLE.

**JOHN B. MILLIKEN, & Co.**  
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of  
**Harness & Saddlery**

WHIPS,  
CURRY COMBS,  
HORSE BRUSHES,  
BELLS,  
BRANKETS,  
SPURS,  
TRUNKS,  
VALISES,  
ETC., ETC., ETC.  
QU'APPELLE, Nov. 25, 1886.



## NOTICE

To Millers and others in the  
North-West Territories and  
in Manitoba, west of the  
First Principal Meridian  
only.

SEALED TENDERS, accompanied by  
an accepted cheque, for the supply of  
one Hundred Pound Sacks, and en-  
closed "Tender for Flour," will be received  
at the undermentioned Indian Agencies, in  
the North-West Territories, up to noon of  
Friday, the Twenty-ninth of April, 1887.

**Agents.**  
H. MacIntosh, The Narrows, Lake Manitoba  
J. A. Markle, Birtle.  
J. J. Campbell, Moose Mountain.  
A. McDonald, Crooked Lake.  
W. S. Grant, Assiniboine River.  
P. J. Williams, Pike Hills.  
J. B. Laid, Muskegwan's Reserve.  
H. Keith, Fort Assiniboine.  
J. M. Ross, Prince Albert.  
J. A. MacKay, Battleford.  
G. G. Mann, Onion Lake.  
J. A. Mitchell, Victoria.  
W. Anderson, Edmonton.  
S. B. Lucas, Peace Hills.  
W. Pocklington, Blood Reserve.  
M. Deane, Haddock's Landing.  
W. A. Deland, Soreau Reserve.

Forms of tender, giving full particulars  
relative to the quality, quantity and points  
of delivery of the flour required, may be had  
on application to any of the above named  
Agents, from the Department of Indian  
Affairs, Ottawa, or from the Indian Com-  
missioner for Manitoba and the North-West  
Territories, Regina. The tender will be  
retained which is not made out on one of  
these forms.

Each tender must be accompanied by an  
accepted cheque, approved by the Indian  
Agent for the District, for at least five per  
cent. of the amount thereof, which will be  
forfeited if the tender declines to enter  
into a contract with the Government, or  
called upon to do so, or if the failure to fulfil  
his contract to the satisfaction of the De-  
partment. If the tender prefers to do so,  
he may deposit with the Agent, in lieu of an  
accepted cheque, the notes of any chartered  
bank in Canada to an equal amount.  
Cheques or cash accompanying tenders not  
accepted will be returned, but a cheque de-  
posited by a successful tenderer will be re-  
tained until the satisfactory completion of  
his contract. Each tenderer is required to  
show in his tender the full value of all the  
flour which he is prepared to deliver under  
contract, or his tender will not be entertained.

Each tender must, in addition to the sig-  
nature of the tenderer, be signed by two  
witnesses acceptable to the Department, for  
the proper performance of the contract.

Tenders will be entertained for a portion  
or for the whole quantity of flour required  
at any given point.

Tenders tendering near one Agency but  
desiring to tender for delivery within another  
Agency further distant, may deposit their  
tenders and samples for the most distant, at  
the nearest of the Agencies specified above,  
or with the Indian Commissioner at Regina.

Samples of flour will be returned, if de-  
sired, to unsuccessful tenderers on their ap-  
plication, and the sample submitted by a  
successful tenderer may be counted by him  
as a delivery on account of his contract.

In all cases where transportation may be  
entirely paid by rail, contractors must make  
proper arrangements for their flour to be for-  
warded at once from railway stations to its  
destination in the Government Warehouse  
at the point of delivery.

The lowest, or any tender, not necessarily  
accepted.

S. H. The Superintendent General of  
Indian Affairs will accept tenders for the  
delivery of the flour, above mentioned, from  
millers and others in the North-West  
Territories and throughout Manitoba as far  
as its Eastern boundary.

L. VAN ROUGHNET,  
Deputy of the Superintendent General  
of Indian Affairs.  
Department of Indian Affairs,  
Ottawa, 29th February, 1887.

## S. GEORGE.

The Patron Saint of England.

Banquet in honor of the Day.

The S. George's Society, of Qu'Ap-  
pelle, celebrated the day which com-  
memorates the patron saint of Eng-  
land with a banquet in the Queens  
Hotel, on Saturday evening last, the  
23rd inst. That the spread was ex-  
cellent goes without saying, and the  
decorations of the dining room  
were most appropriate to the oc-  
casion. Union Jacks and webs of  
red, white and blue adorned the  
ceiling and sides of the room, and  
the tables were loaded with every-  
thing that could be desired.

Mr. W. S. Redpath occupied the  
chair, and Messrs. R. D. Strong and  
H. A. Axford filled the vice-chairs.  
After full justice had been done to  
the table, the usual loyal toasts were  
proposed. The Qu'Appelle string  
band was present and by their ex-  
cellent music added much to the en-  
tertainment of the festive occasion.

In response to the toast "Her  
Majesty the Queen," the  
national anthem was sung accompa-  
nied by the band. "The Prince and  
Princess of Wales and all the Royal  
Family," was followed by a selection  
from the band. "The Govern-  
ment-General of Canada and the  
Lieutenant-Governor of the North-  
west Territories" was responded to  
by singing "They are jolly good  
fellows."

"The Army, Navy and Auxil-  
iary Forces," called up Major Phipps  
and Mr. G. B. Murphy. The chair-  
man in proposing this toast referred  
to the desirability of organizing local  
forces in the North west, which  
meet with hearty approval. Major  
Phipps felt deeply the honor con-  
ferred upon him by connecting his  
name with the Army, in which he  
had served nearly twenty years, and  
said that Canada was always con-  
sidered by British regiments as a  
favorite place in which to be quar-  
tered. Major Little spoke on be-  
half of the Volunteers of England,  
and Mr. Jagger sang "The jolly tars  
of England."

The chairman proposed the toast  
"England and S. George's Society,"  
coupling therewith the name of  
Dr. G. P. Bell, who said that S.  
George had been England's patron  
saint up to A. D. 1349 when S.  
George was associated with S.  
Edward, and after the siege of Calais  
S. George bore the honor alone.  
Though two thousand miles away  
from England, still it must be borne  
in mind that we were still a part  
of the British Empire. The Dr.  
referred to the good relations that  
had always existed between Eng-  
land and Canada, and the intense  
loyalty which was the characteristic  
of Canadians. W. S. Redpath sang  
"There's a land that bears a well  
known name."

Scotland and the S. Andrews  
Society" was responded to by Dr.  
Edwards, who said that those who  
had Scotch blood in them loved the  
old land. He referred to a trip to  
the British Isles, and related an in-  
stance while riding in a train over  
England that a number of gentle-  
men were fellow-passengers and  
were sending the praises of the  
land to which they had returned for  
a visit. Among them was a colonel  
of the United States who, after listen-  
ing to them a while, said "why  
don't you fence in the darned old  
garden and charge admission?"  
While travelling through England  
and Scotland, one thing impressed  
him and that was the thoroughness  
with which everything was done.  
Mr. A. Sutherland sang "The Land  
of Cowmen," and being encored gave  
"The Larkin of the doot."

Ireland and the S. Patrick's  
Society" called up Mr. Hugh Kidd  
who said that there was no country

on the face of the globe that enjoyed  
greater civil or religious liberty  
than Ireland, and it was her proudest  
boast that she was part and  
parcel of the greatest empire the  
world has ever seen. Mr. Jagger  
sang "The Land of S. Patrick."

Vice-chairman R. D. Strong pro-  
posed the toast "The Dominion of  
Canada," coupling therewith the  
names of Messrs. W. Sutherland  
and J. McEwen, who responded in  
some well chosen remarks, and  
were followed by a selection from  
the band.

Vice-chairman H. A. Axford  
proposed "The Northwest Terri-  
tories." This toast was spoken to by  
Mr. A. C. Paterson, who referred to  
the Territories as a part of the Do-  
minion of Canada in glowing terms.  
Mr. A. Sutherland sang "The tender-  
foot's lament," and being encored  
rendered "Susan Jane."

Mr. Strong in proposing "The  
town of Qu'Appelle," referred to our  
location, surroundings and prospects  
in appropriate and eloquent terms.  
Mr. A. McLane responded to this  
toast in his usual good style. Another  
selection by the band.

"The learned professions" was re-  
sponded to by Rev. W. E. Brown and  
Dr. Bell. Mr. Strong spoke on be-  
half of the legal profession in the  
absence of Mr. Leslie Gordon. Mr.  
Hutton sang "Thy face is near me in  
my dreams," and was encored.

Major Little proposed "The national  
sports of England, to which Mr.  
Roberts responded.

Mr. James Weidman, of THE  
PROGRESS, responded to "The Press."  
Another selection by the band, and a  
song in Cree by Master Arch. Mc-  
Donald. "The Ladies" were cham-  
pioned by Messrs. Cooper, W. Clouston  
and E. W. Warner, and the proceed-  
ings closed with "Auld Lang Syne."

The S. George's Society has reason  
to congratulate themselves on the suc-  
cess of their first annual banquet,  
being largely attended and enjoyed to  
the fullest extent by all.

## ALAMEDA.

—Mr. Wagar arrived here yesterday  
with a load of Government oats for  
seed.

—A number of teams have gone  
to work in Dakota on the railroad,  
about forty miles south of the inter-  
national boundary.

—Mr. Walter Walsh, of the firm  
of Walsh Bros., arrived a few days  
ago from Winnipeg, where he was  
purchasing their spring stock.

—Seeding commenced here on  
the 8th inst., but there will not be as  
much under crop this season as  
formerly on account of the uncer-  
tainty of the C. P. R. S. W. being  
extended this season as far as  
Alameda.

—Several meetings have been  
held here during the winter which  
resulted in a delegate being sent to  
Ottawa with a petition twenty-five  
feet long, filled with signatures,  
praying the Government to take  
some means of having the C. P. R.  
S. W. extended as far as Alameda  
this season. The syndicate have  
also been petitioned and the people  
are anxiously waiting a reply. It  
costs as much as the grain is worth  
to haul it to market, a distance of  
one hundred miles. It is needless  
to say that this is one of the best  
portions of the Northwest Territories  
and possesses many natural ad-  
vantages, being convenient to an un-  
limited quantity of splendid coal,  
and possessing plenty of wood and  
water. The only drawback is the  
want of a convenient market which  
the extension of the railroad alone  
can create.

April 21st.

—Climax Kilday Cure is specially  
prepared for this country where the  
hard water produces so much kidney  
trouble. It never fails to cure.

—Anything you want for a holiday  
or birthday present you can get it  
at THE PROGRESS STORE.

## INGERSOLL UNDER FIRE.

Col. Bob Ingersoll, the noted infidel,  
is under fire. General Lee Wallace  
was the first prominent military man  
to take up the cause of Christianity and  
defend it from his blasphemous as-  
saults, and now, having been joined  
by General George Sheridan, the two  
are directing a red-hot campaign  
against Ingersoll's forces. On Sun-  
day night last Sheridan delivered a  
lecture on "A Modern Pagan" in the  
new National theatre at Washington,  
the chair being occupied by Senator  
John Sherman. General Sheridan  
said it was not his purpose to utter a  
defense of the Christian religion; it  
was to show the evil effects of the  
course adopted by Colonel Ingersoll,  
whom he said he knew to be personally  
one of the most worthy and able of  
men, a good son, a faithful husband,  
an affectionate father and a grand  
patriot, but when he approached the  
subject of religion the mantle of his  
genial personality fell from his  
shoulders, his judgment was warped,  
and he became at once the loudest of  
boasters and the most unfeeling dis-  
putants. No man has ever assailed  
the Christian religion with more elo-  
quence, less skill, worse logic, so  
much conceit and so little learning.

The lecturer then charged Ingersoll  
with declining to meet men compe-  
tent to discuss the questions with him.  
In fact he never met but one really  
able man—the late Judge Jero Black  
—and then, the instant he felt the  
steel, ran from the field. In discuss-  
ing the questions of Christianity  
Ingersoll created spurious issues; he  
neither comprehended nor appreciated  
the excellence and magnitude of the  
achievements of the system he so flippantly  
assailed. Relative to God, his  
ways and works, Colonel Ingersoll  
manifested a curiosity that was  
senseless as it was idle, impertinent  
and disrespectful. "He says he does  
not understand God," said General  
Sheridan, "and therefore he doesn't  
believe there is one. He doesn't under-  
stand electricity, but it goes on  
electrifying. He does not under-  
stand the affinity of soul for soul, still  
the stars look down on their inmates,  
listening to the eager voice of youth  
as it whispers the old, old story that  
has brightened all the ages. And  
millions of homes in our great land  
to night are joyous with the songs of  
those whose souls are held close to-  
gether by the same invisible cord that  
since the birth of time have been  
woven in the loom of love. Ingersoll  
should consider the effect of his attacks  
on religion before giving them pub-  
licity. He has no right to parade his  
vagrant fancies before the fair masses,  
as a code of morals. Estimating his  
philosophy by the spirit that charac-  
terizes his utterances, it is both shallow  
and unkind. He is mad enough  
throughout. Mad from the polished top  
of his intellectual dome to the soles of  
his infidel feet. He has no right to  
destroy a mud hut unless he can give  
its occupant a better or equal good  
place to live in; no right to strike the  
cup of water from the thirsty man's  
hand in the desert, because it is  
muddy, unless he can give him purer.  
Mr. Ingersoll is a moral and intel-  
lectual Anarchist."

General Sheridan's oration was  
an outburst of thrilling eloquence,  
describing the anarchical tendency of  
infidelity. He portrayed Colonel  
Ingersoll as the assailant of the sub-  
limest teachings of philosophy, of poetry  
and of science, of ancient and of  
modern times, without offering a  
substitute on a better thing. Ingersoll,  
he said, was employing his genius and  
his oratory in extinguishing the truest  
sources of human happiness and ad-  
vancing the cause of civilization itself.

It will now be in order to hear from  
Ingersoll. Of late he has not had  
quite so much to say, and is evidently  
the subject of reaction. Able and intel-  
lectual Ingersoll unquestionably is,  
but his influence is for evil only.  
Like all men of his class, he is seeking  
to destroy confidence and reverence in  
things to which he is not sure, and which,  
even if not well founded, can exercise more  
other than a restraining influence up-  
on those who hold them. As a sub-  
stitute for law nothing to offer. It is  
not to be wondered at, therefore, that  
the wave of infidelity has been swept  
back, and that a tone of reverence for  
Christianity now prevails in many  
quarters where naught but a scoff  
was for a long time to be heard—  
Bism.

## The Qu'Appelle Progress

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	One	Two	Three	Four
One column	\$10.00	\$15.00	\$20.00	\$25.00
Half column	5.00	7.50	10.00	12.50
Quarter column	2.50	3.75	5.00	6.25
Three inches	3.00	4.50	6.00	7.50
Two inches	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00

Business cards \$1.00 per month payable quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings, legal notices, or anything of a transitory nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each additional insertion. Yearly advertisements allowed to be changed monthly, if other \$1.00 will be charged for each additional change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty-five words, 2 cents for each additional word. The publisher reserves the right to refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable or objectionable character.

Address, JAMES WEIDMAN, Qu'Appelle Station, Assin. E. J. WEIDMAN, Proprietor.

### JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF EAST ASSINIBOIA.

The towns in the judicial district of East Assiniboia have been each trying to be made the seat of justice, which means the residence of the officers of the court, and the erection of the court house and jail for the district. It appears that Whitewood, through the influence of Mr. Chas. Marshallsay, carried off the prize in the first instance, that gentleman preferring to get the seat for the benefit of the town rather than the shrievalty for himself, which, we understand, was offered him. Now, however, the residence of the judge has been removed to Moosomin, that town having brought pressure to bear upon the Government to make the change, and Judge Wetmore being in favor of it. Mr. W. D. Perley, our representative in the Dominion Parliament, asked on the floor of the house why the change was made. In reply it was stated that the residence of the Judge was allowed at Moosomin because a larger number of persons would be accommodated than at Whitewood. If the word "allowed" has any meaning it is that the residence of the judge only is meant, and that Whitewood is to have the court house and jail. While the residence of the judge may be allowed temporarily at Moosomin, the most central location for the court house is the town of Whitewood, and the order having been made for its location at that place, it certainly should not be changed. For a permanent location, Moosomin is too far to one side of the district, and while it may be that at present a larger number will be accommodated, which we doubt, still as the country fills up, Whitewood will be the proper place, and it is unfair to the western portion of the district that because the more eastern town for a year or so may be the centre of a larger population, that the court house and jail should be permanently located so near the western boundary of Manitoba. If the residence had been fixed at Wolsley, in the extreme west, the objection could not be so great. Hence, in time, another district could be erected east of the territory of which Wolsley would be the centre, with an addition the west, but Moosomin from its location could never be anything but one-sided. On behalf of the western portion of the district, and in justice to Whitewood, after having secured the seat, we protest against the change. Let the judge reside at Moosomin for a time, there can be no argument as to objection to that, but for the demoralization of all parts of the district, the permanent location should be more central. Whitewood is that point geographically, and having as good a country around it as Moosomin, will soon be as important a business place.

### NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Mr. N. F. Davin, M. P., is pushing the question of pensions to the Northwest Mounted Police, and the question of scrip for the Regina volunteers.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Regina Leader says: "Two of the busiest men here are Mr. Perley, of East Assiniboia, and Mr. Davis, of Alberta. They are indefatigable in attending to the business of Parliament and the direct interests of their constituents. Mr. Perley is at the Grand Union, Mr. Davis and Mr. Davin at the Russell, and all the frequently meet and consult together."

The Regina Leader in a mistaken moment comments favorably on the idea of running the Qu'Appelle election for the Northwest Council on party lines, and the Journal says "the intelligent electors have reason to be suspicious of the candidate who makes his partisanship a plea for support." The Journal is about right in this instance. The Conservatives of the district generally do not fall in with the idea of running the election on party lines for the reason that whoever was elected could not carry the party cloak into the Council. He would have to lay it aside after polling day.

Two of the candidates for the Northwest Council, Messrs. L. Thompson and M. Snow, have arranged to hold a meeting at Ellsboro on Monday next to try their individual strength in their own locality. Both gentlemen have agreed that the weaker shall retire in favor of the stronger. By this means there will be one candidate less in the field for the second representation of the Qu'Appelle district. Some arrangement should be made for holding a general convention on the day of nomination to elect a man by acclamation. We understand all the candidates would agree to abide by such a convention, if composed of an equal number of delegates from each polling division. A move should be made without delay to arrange for the general convention.

There are good reasons for believing that construction on the Wood Mountain and Qu'Appelle Railway will be proceeded with immediately. Mr. T. W. Jackson, the secretary of the Company, has stated that seventy miles will be constructed this season, and the engineer is now at work staking out the road, having commenced at Fort Qu'Appelle, where construction will begin according to the conditions of the charter. Mr. Jackson is expected to arrive here from the east on Friday, and will be able to give fuller information in respect to the question of route, etc., in regard to which there is some anxiety at present owing to a telegram in one of the Winnipeg papers, which was apparently somewhat mixed.

The Winnipeg people are making themselves a lions by the frenzy into which they have worked themselves over the question of disallowance. There appears to be no doubt that the monopoly clause of the C. P. R. cannot be enforced within the boundaries of old Manitoba. Let the people of the province demand from the local Legislature such legislation as will enforce their rights, and if disallowed by the Dominion Government, carry the question to the Imperial Privy Council which will settle the question. It is ridiculous to demand an instant answer, "Yes" or "No," from any Government, before the question has been fully considered.

Owing to the representations of Messrs. W. D. Perley, M.P., and N. F. Davin, M. P., at Ottawa, the Government have promised second homesteads to those entitled to them up to the 3rd June, 1888, whether their first patent had been applied for or not. This will be done to remove the injustice to those who came to Manitoba and the Northwest and entered their first homestead on the understanding that they could get a second one on the completion of their duties on the first.

The evening Manitoban, of Winnipeg, has been changed into a morning paper, and is now named "The Morning Call." The Manitoban was a pretty good paper, but the Call is away ahead of anything heretofore published in Winnipeg. Its politics are Conservative, and as it will reach all parts of the country by rail at the same time as the Free Press, it will soon take the lead in circulation as it now does in the matter of telegraphic and other news, as well as in the ability displayed in its editorial columns.

It is now openly admitted that the Opposition have no hopes whatever of securing the Nationalist vote. It is stated that Doyon, who defeated Tasse in Laprairie, has declared himself a Conservative Nationalist, and Senator Trudel, in Parliamentary correspondence to his paper, gives up all the Nationalists as lost to the cause. He says the Chapeau clique worked them all back into the Conservative ranks. Only a personal difficulty with Sir A. P. Caron prevents Mr. Amyot from joining his confederates.

The mail in an editorial on Salisbury's action on the fisheries question says:—"In our opinion Lord Salisbury has acted wisely. Had our cruisers resumed operation against American fishermen we should have felt the force of the regulation bill and England might have been dragged into very ugly quarrels. As it is all concerned will have ample time in which to reach a friendly settlement. Mr. Cleveland and his advisers as well as such republican leaders as Messrs. Sherman and Butterworth are anxious to effect a settlement that shall be mutually advantageous, and if we are wise we will leave our gunboats in the dry dock to which Lord Salisbury has just consigned them and negotiate with the Americans as with friends and neighbors who wish us well."

Mr. Davin has introduced an act in the Dominion Parliament to amend the Dominion Lands Act, the first clause of which provides that in cases of those settlers who came in and had been settled three years in the country by the 1st of July, 1886, but who couldn't remain on their farms, but were compelled to work elsewhere, that residence of their families shall count for residence. The second clause provides that those morally entitled to homesteads shall get them. The third, that settlers in the mile belt and on Hudson's Bay and school sections shall have free homesteads of 160 acres. The fourth, that those entitled to second homesteads may take their pre-emption as second homestead. The fifth, that those who settled prior to survey shall not, if it transpires they have squatted on school, or odd, or Hudson's Bay sections, be disturbed, but be allowed to enter as if the land were open to homesteading, and the parties that the survey would show to be entitled to the land shall be compensated out of other lands.

### MONTREAL FLOODS.

Montreal and the Valley of the St. Lawrence, in the immediate vicinity, is again inundated owing to a big ice gorge at the head of St. Helen's Island. The water rose 21 feet. Much damage has been done. Nuns Island is under water. Three hundred head of cattle have been drowned. The nuns had to flee for their lives in their night-dresses. Houses have been demolished, and

there is great suffering in the poor quarter of the city. The water continues to rise. All the low-lying portions of the city are flooded. In some places it has reached a depth of five or six feet including Griffintown and Point St. Charles. McGill street, as far as Lemoine street, is flooded. St. Ann's market is completely surrounded by water. The ice is jammed down the river at Sorrel, and until it breaks the water will continue to rise. The damage will be enormous. A large amount of live stock has been drowned, and the damage to property has been great. At midnight the water in all the flooded parts of the city is rising rapidly. The majority of the citizens look for the worst. They feel certain that the water will not stop in its course until it has reached last year's mark, and everything appears to indicate that their expectations will be fulfilled. At a meeting of the city council committees were appointed to supply sufferers with provisions, and to wait on the Dominion Government with a view to having them build two booms and piers to prevent the lake ice from coming down.

## FRANK MARWOOD

SUCCESSOR TO T. WELSH,

## General Blacksmith

## Practical Horse-shoer.

A trial solicited from parties having lame or interfering horses. Flow Shaves made to order, and satisfaction guaranteed.

WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH.

Qu'Appelle, April 21st, 1887.



## PUBLIC NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY GIVEN that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has this day been pleased to order that a

## SITTING OF THE SUPREME COURT

of the North-West Territories, for the Judicial District of

## Eastern Assiniboia

shall be held at Whitewood, in the said District, on Friday, the 20th day of the month of May, on the following day, namely:

MONDAY, 16th May, 1887.

By Command, A. E. FORGET, Secretary.

Lieutenant-Governor's Office, Regina, 9th April, 1887.

## PROCLAMATION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c.

E. DEWDSEY, Lieutenant-Governor.

To all to whom these presents shall come or whom the same may concern:

GREETING:

Whereas by Ordinance No. 11 of 1884, entitled "An Ordinance to encourage the planting of Forest Trees," it is in effect enacted that the Lieutenant-Governor may appoint by proclamation, a day to be observed throughout the Territories as "Arbor Day" for the purpose of planting forest and other trees.

Now, know ye that under the authority vested in us as aforesaid, we do hereby appoint

TUESDAY, Seventeenth day of May next to be observed throughout the Territories as

## ARBOR DAY.

and by these presents earnestly invite all the inhabitants of the said Territories to devote the above mentioned day to the planting of trees; and we request all Municipal, Religious and School Corporations, to heartily co-operate for the successful accomplishment of the said day.

In testimony whereof we have caused the Seal of the North-West Territories to be hereunto affixed. Witness the Honorables the Lieutenant-Governor and the Secretary of the North-West Territories, at Government House, Regina, this 6th day of April, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and in the fifth year of His Majesty's reign.

By Command, A. E. FORGET, Clerk of Council.

## CAUTION.

Parties are warned not to negotiate a mortgage for Thirty-two Dollars and fifty cents, given by Thomas Appleby, W. A. Mann and E. Hogg, in favor of Mann & Campbell, and maturing 1st January, 1887.

Whitewood, March 31, 1887.

## Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between G. S. Davidson, a Trustee at the Queen's Hotel, in the Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, N. W. T., has been day by day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said Partnership are to be paid to the undersigned, G. S. Davidson, at Qu'Appelle, aforesaid, and all claims against the said Partnership are to be presented to the said G. S. Davidson, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Qu'Appelle, this 1st day of April, A. D. 1887.

G. S. DAVIDSON,  
RICHARD JOHNSTON,  
WITNESS: A. J. PATERSON.

## Hotel and Farm FOR SALE.

THE Commercial Hotel, well and favorably known, in the Town of Qu'Appelle Station, Billiard Table and Bar, Furnish Household Furniture, Beds and Bedding, and everything in the House; also large and commodious Stables; and a good covering two lots on Casswell street.

The farm is within one mile of the Town of Qu'Appelle Station, and is composed of the east half of Section 32, Township 1 Range 14, west of 2nd Meridian, 320 acres good comfortable farm house, woodshed, large stables and other outbuildings, 60 acres under cultivation and fenced, and two good wells.

Mrs. Shore being now a widow, and therefore not in a position to carry on the business as heretofore will dispose of the whole of the above property at a bargain. Enquiries made known on application.

N.B.—The farm is one of the best in the Qu'Appelle District.

MARIA SHORE,  
Owner.

Address Qu'Appelle Station P. O. N. W. T.

## Pony Lost.

Strayed from section 2, 18, 15, a yearling mare pony, color bay, with white hind legs.

Any person finding her or knowing anything of her whereabouts are requested to leave information at *The Progress* office.

Qu'Appelle, April, 21, 1887.

## NEW DOUGLASS HOUSE, WINNIPEG.

FINEST ROOMS and most comfortable Hotel in the City. Heated with Steam. Electric Bells and Telephone attached.

Charges Moderate. Rates according to Room. FREE B.F.S.

BENNETT & Co., - PROPRIETORS.

## Qu'Appelle

## Roller Mills,

—

We beg to announce that our Roller Mills at Qu'Appelle Station, are now in operation, and that we are prepared to supply the Farmers of the Municipality of Qu'Appelle, with Flour, Bran and Shorts, in exchange for Wheat on the most liberal terms.

We are also prepared to Chop Barley and Oats for Feed.

Will pay 75 cents per bushel for No. 1 Hard Wheat, being 8 cents per bushel Higher than

## Brandon Prices!

D. H. McMillan & Bro

—

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Misellaneous.

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**THOMSON & NELSON**  
**FORWARDERS,**  
AND DEALERS IN  
*Lumber, Lath, Shingles*  
**DOORS, SASH**  
Building Paper, etc.  
Office West of C.P.R. Station.  
**QU'APPELLE.**

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BRANCH at FORT QU'APPELLE

**The Canada North-West Land Co.**  
(LIMITED.)

**Offer for Sale**

**SELECTED FARM LANDS**

**in Manitoba and the North-West Territories,**

**Near the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line**

A large proportion of this Company's Lands is in thickly settled Districts.

For information, Prices and Maps, apply at the offices of the Company, 14 Castle street, Edinburgh, Scotland; 72 Lombard street, London, England; 181 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

**W. B. SCARTH**  
MANAGING DIRECTOR FOR CANADA.

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**Canadian Pacific Railway Town Lots**

THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE

**Building Sites at all Stations on Main Line of above Railway  
Between Brandon and Calgary**

**W. B. SCARTH, Trustee**

AGENT IN QU'APPELLE FOR LANDS AND TOWN LOTS.

**LESLIE GORDON**

**The Progress Store**  
Will be found to contain a well selected stock of  
**BOOKS STATIONERY**  
**FANCY GOODS,**  
**SCHOOL BOOKS**  
Which we will sell at the most reasonable prices.

## CHEAP ADVERTISING.

### TO GIVE THE BUSINESS MEN OF THE Northwest Territories

An opportunity to keep their names, business and residence before the public, we have decided to open the columns of **THE PROGRESS** to a **BUSINESS DIRECTORY** Classified by towns.

No paper either in the Northwest or Manitoba opens its columns at so low a rate.

Get your Card in **THE PROGRESS Business Directory** for the Northwest. Under this heading we will insert **Business Cards** similar to those following for \$5.00 a year, which will include subscription to **THE WEEKLY PROGRESS**.

First insertion and subscription will be commenced on payment of \$2.00; after first three months, \$1.00 per quarter in advance will be required in every case, or the Card will be dropped out.

### Business Directory.

#### QU'APPELLE.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,  
Johnston & Davidson, Proprietors.

LELAND HOUSE,  
Love & Raymond, Proprietors.

S. H. CASWELL,  
General Merchant.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP,  
General Merchant.

G. H. V. BULYEA,  
Insurance and General Agent, Dealer in Flour and Feed, etc.

G. H. V. BULYEA,  
Dealer in Furniture, Cabinet Maker, etc.

A. MCKENZIE,  
Baker, Dealer in Fruits, Confectionery, etc.

E. WISMER,  
Tinsmith, Dealer in Stoves and Tinware.

E. J. WEIDMAN,  
Dealer in Books, Stationery, etc. Agent for Organs and Sewing Machines.

RUSSELL & DAVIS,  
Wholesale and Retail Butchers.

J. B. MILLIKEN & Co.,  
Harness and Saddlery.

S. H. COLLINS,  
Boots and Shoes.

C. C. BAILEY & Co.,  
Practical Watchmakers and Jewelers.

D. H. McMillan & Bro.,  
Qu'Appelle Roller Mills.

A. C. PATERSON,  
Forwarder & General Agent.

THOMSON & NELSON,  
Forwarders and Dealers in Building Material.

J. H. MACCAUL,  
Lumber Merchant and Insurance Agent.

J. McEWEN,  
General Blacksmith, Carriage and Wagon Maker.

J. B. ROBINSON,  
Contractor, Builder, etc.

J. R. BUNN,  
Contractor in Building, Kalamining, Brickwork, Stonework, etc.

J. DOULTLE,  
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

E. W. MULHOLLAND,  
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

A. SUTHERLAND,  
Photo-Artist, Teacher of Music, and Short Land.

CANADA N. W. LAND CO.,  
Leslie Gordon, Agent.

G. S. DAVIDSON,  
Licensed Auctioneer.

W. T. THOMPSON, D. T. S.,  
Deputy Land Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

W. SYME REDPATH,  
Advocate, Notary Public, Licentiate of Marriage Licenses and Insurance Agent.

R. DUNDAS STRONG,  
Advocate, Notary Public, Agent for Fire, Life and Accident Insurance, etc.

F. L. OSLER,  
Dominion Lands Government Intelligence Office, Agent for Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Co.

LESLIE GORDON,  
Notary Public, Conveyancer, Agent for Canada Northwest Land Co. and Qu'Appelle Land Co., Insurance, etc.

"THE PROGRESS,"  
Book and Job Printing Establishment.

"THE PROGRESS,"  
Published weekly, six pages, at \$1.00 a year.

B. HAMMOND,  
Merchant Tailor.

#### REGINA.

DAWSON, BOLE & Co.,  
Wholesale Druggists, Regina, N. W. T.

STEFHORN & Co.,  
Watchmakers and Jewelers.

DR. W. G. KEOWN,  
Surgical Dentist.

#### WHITEWOOD.

J. F. GUEKIN, L. D. S.,  
Dental Surgeon.

#### EDGELEY.

WILLIAM JELL,  
Printer and Stationer. All work well executed and delivered. Shop at Edgeley, one mile north of Qu'Appelle.

## Qu'Appelle, and its Surroundings.

**Situation.**—Qu'Appelle is situated on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway in the Provisional District of Assiniboia (already the most settled and populous of the Districts comprising the North West Territories). It is distant 323 miles west of the city of Winnipeg, the metropolitan city of Manitoba, and only 33 miles east of Regina, the seat of Government for the Territories. Within 18 miles to the north lies the widely known Qu'Appelle Valley, containing, with its river and chain of lakes, scenery comparing for picturesqueness and beauty with that of the Cumberland (England) and Scotch lake scenery. These lakes abound with the famous white fish, as also with perch, jack fish, etc., while the wild geese, ducks, partridges, prairie chicken, and other small game which frequent the lakes, afford ample sport for the followers of the gun or rifle. The situation contrasts favorably with most of the towns of the great North West, in that the town itself is surrounded with bluffs and copes of trees, imparting a park like character to the scenery, thus relieving the vision from the billowy monotony of the prairie, while affording most efficient protection from the winter blizzards and snow drifts.

**Hotels, Banks, and Stores.**—There are two first class Hotels, second to none west of Winnipeg in comfort and accommodation, besides more than one comfortable hostelry, boarding houses, etc. A bank, post and money order office, three large general stores, replete with every conceivable article in the provisions and dry goods departments, Watchmaker and Jeweler, Tinsmith, Ironmongery, Harness and saddlery, Baker and Confectionery, Boot and shoe, Stores, Ladies millinery establishment, Photographic artists studio, Two blacksmiths, Wheelwright, several implement agencies, two livery and feed stables, and other businesses and trades of a similar nature.

**Professions.**—Three Advocates of the Supreme Court, Notaries Public etc., three resident doctors, and two dentists who visit the town periodically.

**Churches.**—St. Peter's English Episcopal church is the pro-cathedral of the Diocese of Qu'Appelle. It is an elegant structure in brick veneer with spire. The chancel has recently been erected by the munificence of a relative of the Bishop, and adds greatly to the internal beauty of the church. The services are held weekly on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. and on Thursday at 8 p. m. They are usually choral and are performed by his Lordship the bishop of Qu'Appelle and the Rev. W. E. Brown the Incumbent of St. Peter's, aided by Lay Readers from the Theological Seminary attached to St. John's College, and an efficient choir.

The Qu'Appelle Circuit of the Methodist church comprises two appointments, one in the town where services are held every Sunday morning at eleven o'clock, and in the evening at seven; Sabbath school in the afternoon at half-past two o'clock. The second appointment is at Edgeley, eight miles distant, where service is held every Sunday at three o'clock. The Methodist church is a commodious building conveniently located and there is also a parsonage on the same property. Rev. A. Andrews is the pastor, and also the Superintendent of the District.

The Presbyterians have a nice church agreeably located in which services are held on Sunday mornings at eleven o'clock and in the evening at seven; Bible Class and Sabbath school is held in the afternoon at three o'clock. Rev. A. Hamilton, pastor.

Roman Catholic church, services held twice a month in the morning at ten o'clock and in the evening at seven, under the supervision of Rev. Father Magan of the Roman Catholic Mission, Qu'Appelle. The building is a frame structure, 22x30, with vestry attached.

**Schools.**—The public school of the town with free attendance, is one of the best in the Territories, both as regards the school building—a substantial structure, erected and opened for use in January 1887, and as regards the efficiency of the educational training imparted by the able and painstaking Master, Mr. Fred Hodgson. The regular daily attendance of pupils exceeds 80.

**Mills etc.**—The town can boast of a roller flour mill, the best west of Winnipeg, built in 1885, belonging to the eminent firm of millers, Messrs. H. D. & W. W. McMillan of Winnipeg and Qu'Appelle. The flour was awarded the first prize at the 1886 Agricultural show of the Province of Manitoba, held at Winnipeg, and has attained an enviable notoriety throughout the North West, and British Columbia, with which a large trade in flour is being opened up for the Qu'Appelle mill. A cheese factory, and brick-making works, are in course of establishment within a short distance of the town with every prospect of good business.

**Lumber yards and Builders.**—There are two extensive lumber yards belonging to Messrs. Thomson & Nelson, and Mr. J. H. MacCaul, where every description of building material may be obtained at the lowest rates. Besides these there are the building and carpentering establishments of J. B. Robinson, and W. Cluston, and the house decorating firm of Messrs. Hollingshead & David.

**Weekly Paper.**—A weekly paper is published every Thursday called the "Qu'Appelle Progress" edited by Mr. E. J. Weidman, at whose printing and book-sellers house, every description of printing, and stationery is furnished.

**Clubs and entertainments.**—The town is remarkable for the energy of its inhabitants in the pursuit of pleasure as well as business. It boasts of an excellent brass and instrumental band, a Masonic lodge, a cricket club, a toboggan club, and a skating rink, and during the autumn and winter months fortnightly assemblies are held by the band, at which dancing as well as music is enjoyed by the townspeople. A St. George's Society has been recently formed, with the object of promoting friendly intercourse between, and rendering assistance to English people and their descendants residing and arriving in the Municipality. St. Andrew's Society, and Royal Irish Society, also hold annual meetings here, and will doubtless be properly constituted.

**Immigration Agency and building.**—Here is located the first Dominion Government Immigration Agency west of Brandon. The Immigration Department is presided over by the able, courteous, and popular agent, Mr. A. J. Baker, and the buildings for the accommodation of immigrants, are remarkable for their size, good ventilation, and adaptability to the comfort of the occupants, being supplied with extensive sleeping and living accommodation, kitchens, compartments for families etc.

**The Dominion Government Lands Intelligence office.**—Is also situated at this town, under the management of Mr. F. L. Osler, than whom no one has a wider experience in the capabilities of the country, and the settlement of immigrants, he having been 17 years in the North West.

**Trade and Commerce.**—It is the centre of a large agricultural district, rapidly becoming settled by a class of well to do farmers and men of means from the old country and eastern provinces of Canada, attracted by the excellence of the soil, the woodland character of the country, and the social advantages of the town itself. It is also the starting point and terminus on the C. P. Ry. for the mails and freightage to and from Fort Qu'Appelle, Touchwood, Prince Albert and the North, a circumstance which adds materially to the business and commercial prosperity of the place.

**The Dominion Government Meteorological Observatory.**—A branch station of this department is located in this town, from which reports are sent twice daily to the central office at Toronto.

**The Bishop's See and St. John's College.**—Within 2 miles of the town, three imposing buildings stand out from amidst the prairie bluffs.

These are, in the centre, the residence of the Right Rev'd and Honorable Adelbert, Bishop of Qu'Appelle, on the right, the Agricultural College and Theological Seminary, and on the left, the College or High School for boys. These important institutions have been founded by the present devoted and energetic Bishop of the Diocese.

**The Agricultural College** is already occupied by a number of students from the old country, who receive a practical farming education on the college farm comprising about 600 acres under the management of Mr. Handyside, an experienced North Country farmer, combined with the refining, religious and moral influence of the Bishop and the incumbent of St. Peter's Church, who is the present Principal of the College, and under the same roof is the Theological Seminary, specially adapted for the training of clergymen to minister to the spiritual wants of the pioneer settlers in the North West.

**The College and High School for Boys** is a handsome and substantial building containing large, lofty, and well ventilated school and class rooms, dining room, library and dormitories, admirably adapted for boarders, as well as day pupils, and intended to supply a classical and liberal education of a more advanced character preparatory to college and university tuition.

**Professor Tanner's Colonization Settlement.**—Professor H. Tanner, Government Examiner in Agriculture in the Department of Science, South Kensington, London, England, is now engaged in establishing in the immediate vicinity a settlement whereby a number of immigrant families may be accommodated upon blocks of 40 acres of land each in comfortable cottages, together with schools, churches and medical attendance. Special care will be taken to secure immigrants of unexceptionable character, and with a practical knowledge of farm life and its requirements. It is hoped, and expected, that this settlement will greatly add to the material growth of Qu'Appelle, and provide a class of steady and efficient agricultural employees.

**Railways.**—The main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway affords immense advantages to the settler and agriculturist, by providing direct railway communication with the eastern provinces of Canada, the United States, and Europe, on the one hand, and the fruit producing, mineral bearing and timber growing province of British Columbia, the Australias, Japan, China and India on the other. Another Railway of more local extent, but of more than local importance to Qu'Appelle has been incorporated, and it is believed will be immediately in course of construction; this is the Wood Mountain and Qu'Appelle Railway Co. This line of Railway is proposed to extend from Qu'Appelle south through a rich agricultural country to the large coal deposits at Wood Mountain close to the United States frontier, and north through Fort Qu'Appelle to Fort Pelly. Its immediate advantage to Qu'Appelle will lie in the great reduction likely to be effected in the price of coal and lumber, the general increase of traffic, and the further development and settlement of outlying agricultural districts of which this town must always be the centre and emporium of trade. The ultimate advantages however will probably be still more important, if, as there can be little reason to doubt, this Railway will eventually form the main route from the Western States, and from the Pacific to Hudson's Bay, and the short sea route hence to Europe. It is then that Qu'Appelle will occupy a most important position as the junction between the C. P. R. and the main line to the United States on the south and the Hudson's Bay and Europe on the north.

**Municipality.**—The townships surrounding Qu'Appelle (twenty-one) in number have been formed into a municipality called South Qu'Appelle municipality distinguishing it from the neighboring municipality, North Qu'Appelle. In this municipality there are still unoccupied 107,000 acres of free grant land or 645 farms of 160 acres each, 90,000 acres of Government lands being occupied. This does not include a large acreage which has been sold by the Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company and other private companies.

**Soil.**—A black loam with subsoil clay little or no alkali is to be found. In some parts of the municipality there is a good deal of surface stones which is either an advantage to the settler as they are not to be found below the surface are soon collected and made use of in many ways.

**Water.**—Small lakes abound everywhere, although not now to the same extent as three years ago, on account of the past three exceptionally dry seasons. There are also a number of good springs in various parts of the district, a good supply of water can be had at all times by sinking wells from 10 to 20 feet. The town of Qu'Appelle until lately had not a good water supply, there being a constant drain on the few private wells by the freighters with cattle from the north, at the expense of the municipality public wells were sunk in various parts of the town, which now give an abundant water supply. The Qu'Appelle river crosses the northern part of the district running from west to east. Yellow grass marsh the head water of the Souris river lies to the south about 40 miles.

**Climate.**—Much has been said about the cold winters in the North West, no doubt there are a few weeks of very cold dry weather, but withal enjoyable. The winter sets in, in November when everything freezes up. The months of December and January being the two coldest months. The first of April generally finds the snow gone, and the farmers busy seeding, and by the end of August the grain crop is generally harvested.

**Fuel.**—The supply of wood for fuel is limited, over the greater portion (to the south) of this municipality the poplar wood extends 6 to 12 miles in the vicinity of the town. Coal, there being always a plentiful supply, being brought by the C. P. R. from the mines west of here. On the completion of the Wood Mountain & Qu'Appelle Railroad, superior coal can be sold here at \$3.50 per ton there being an inexhaustible supply in the Mountains.

**Agricultural Society.**—Has been formed in the district and held its first annual fall show in 1886 when several hundred dollars were awarded in cash and special prizes to the best exhibits. These shows are of great importance in the country, as settlers come in to them from all the surrounding district, and are then well able to judge of the capabilities of the land for raising both crops and cattle, and also find out where they can purchase the best seed grain, and live stock of all kinds. The Society is managed by a President, 1st and 2nd Vice Presidents, nine directors and Mr. Dundas Strong Secretary-Treasurer.

**Land Companies.**—Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company, (Limited), are the owners of nearly all the odd sections in this vicinity. The Company having purchased upwards of 200,000 acres from the grant of land allowed by the Government to the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. These lands have all been carefully selected, and are sold on easy terms. The purchaser paying one fifth cash and the balance in five equal annual instalments. The price per acre ranges from \$5.00 to \$6.50, according to the location. Mr. F. L. Osler is the the Companies agent, at Qu'Appelle, and will at any time give information or see that purchasers will be taken over the Companies lands free of charge.

**Canada North West Land Company.**—These lands are principally outside of this municipality, there are a few choice sections, however, which can be purchased at reasonable terms from the Companies agent, Mr. Leslie Gordon, Mr. Gordon being also agent for the town site of Qu'Appelle.

**Hudson's Bay Company's Lands.**—This Company owns one section and three-quarters in each township, their lands being for sale at the head office in Winnipeg.

**Sykes Farm Lands.**—Mr. Sykes, a Manchester merchant, purchased from the Canadian Pacific Railway Land Co. 29,000 acres, all the old





